Computing tools for the SMEFT

- Introduction -

Avelino Vicente IFIC – CSIC / U. Valencia

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Back in the good old times...

Dear radiactive Ladies and Gentlemen...

Physikalisches Institut der Eidg. Technischen Hochschule Zürich

Zirich, 4. Des. 1930

Liebe Radioaktive Damen und Herren.

Wie der Ueberbringer dieser Zeilen, den ich huldvollst ansuhören bitte, Ihnen des näheren auseinandersetzen wird, bin ich angesichts der "falschen" Statistik der N- und Li-6 Kerne, sowie des kontinuierlichen beta-Spektrums auf einen versweifelten Ausweg verfallen um den "Wechselsats" (1) der Statistik und den Energiesats zu retten. Mämlich die Möglichkeit, es könnten elektrisch neutrale Teilchen, die ich Neutronen nennen will, in den Kernen existieren, welche den Spin 1/2 haben und das Ausschliessungsprinzip befolgen und von Lichtquanten musserdem noch dadurch unterscheiden, dass sie set mit Lichtgeschwindigkeit laufen. Die Masse der Neutronen seste von derselben Grossenordmung wie die Elektronemasse sein und comfalls night grosser als 0,01 Protonemasse .- Das kontimuierliche - Spektrum ware dann verständlich unter der Annahme, dass beim beta-Zerfall mit dem blektron jeweils noch ein Neutron emittiert Mark derart, dass die Summe der Energien von Neutron und blektron konstant ist.

December 4th, 1930 Letter to his colleagues in Tübingen



1930
Pauli's neutrino hypothesis

Back in the good old times...

Zürich, Dec. 4, 1930

Physics Institute of the ETH

Gloriastrasse

Zürich

Dear Radioactive Ladies and Gentlemen,

As the bearer of these lines, to whom I graciously ask you to listen, will explain to you in more detail, because of the "wrong" statistics of the N- and Li-6 nuclei and the continuous beta spectrum, I have hit upon a desperate remedy to save the "exchange theorem" of statistics and the law of conservation of energy. Namely, the possibility that in the nuclei there could exist electrically neutral particles, which I will call neutrons, that have spin 1/2 and obey the exclusion principle and that further differ from light quanta in that they do not travel with the velocity of light.

(.../...)

But so far <u>I do not dare to publish anything about this idea</u>, and trustfully turn first to you, dear radioactive people, with the question of how likely it is to find experimental evidence for such a neutron if it would have the same or perhaps a 10 times larger ability to get through [material] than a gamma-ray.

I admit that my remedy may seem almost improbable because one probably would have seen those neutrons, if they exist, for a long time. (.../...) Thus, dear radioactive people, scrutinize and judge. - Unfortunately, I cannot personally appear in Tübingen since I amindispensable here in Zürich because of a ball on the night from December 6 to 7. With my best regards to you, and also to Mr. Back, your humble servant

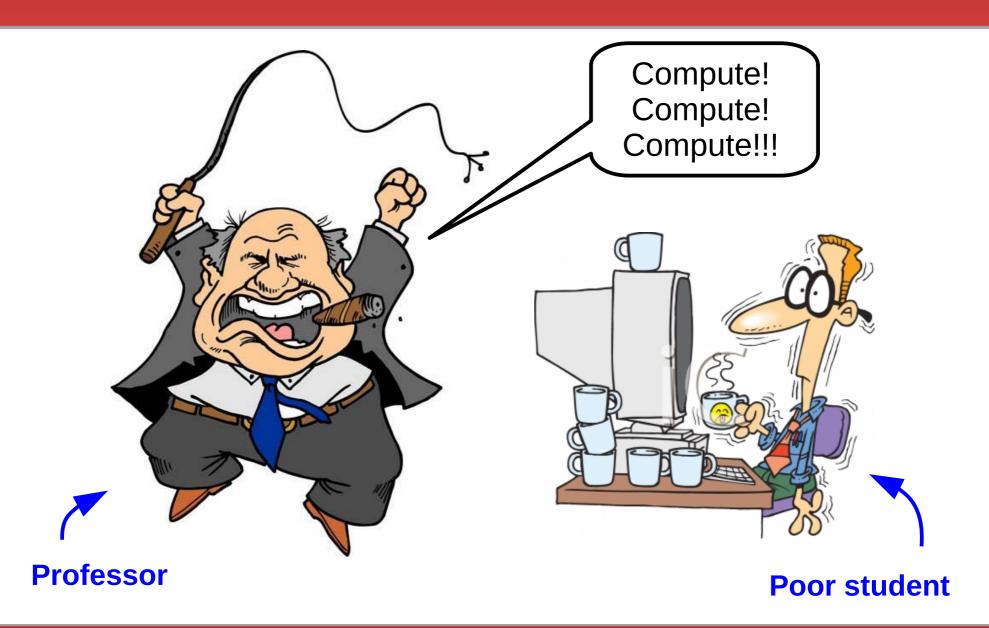
signed W. Pauli

Many new models and particles

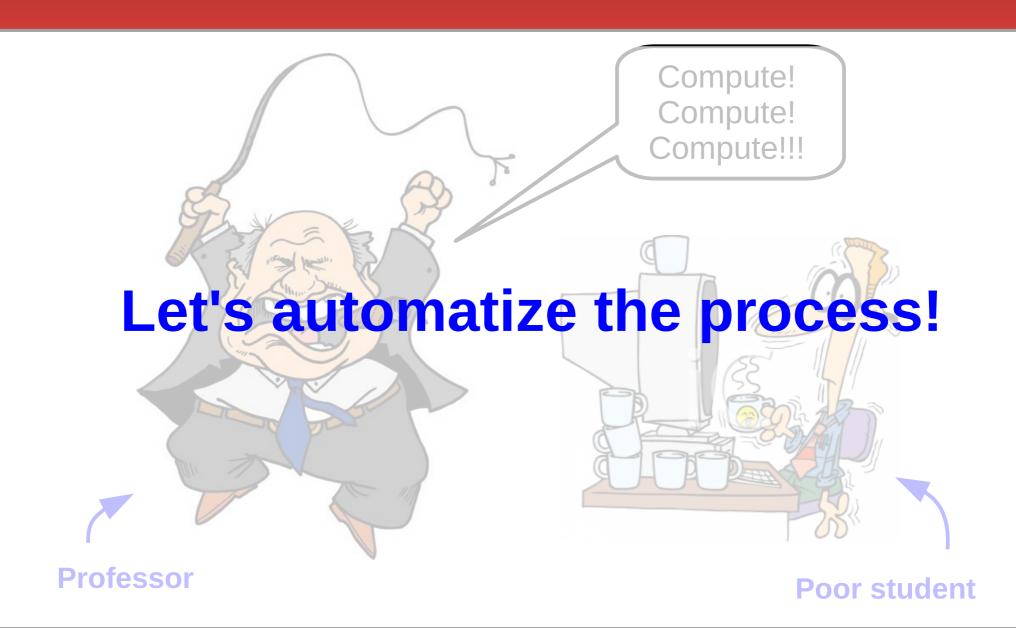
An "explosion" of new models and particles. Strategy:

- Analytical derivation of particle masses and vertices, minimization of the scalar potential, renormalization group equations, ...
- Numerical routines: diagonalization, resolution of differential equations, phase space integration...
- Mass spectrum, loop corrections, flavor observables and decay rates
- Dark matter properties: relic density, direct and indirect detection rates, ...
- Collider simulations
- Matching to an effective field theory and EFT handling
- Other

Usual approach



Usual approach



Computing tools for EFTs

+ other codes that I missed. Apologies!

Generation

Sym2Int, BasisGen, ABC4EFT

Basis

Change

rosetta, DEFT, abc_eft*

Matching

MatchMakerEFT, CoDEx, MatchingTools, SuperTracer, StrEAM, Matchete*

Running

DsixTools, wilson

Feynman rules

SmeftFR

Calculator

flavio, FlavorKit, EOS, SPheno, FormFlavor, SMEFTsim

Observable

Fit

Smelli, HEPfit, SMEFiT, Fitmaker

Based on classification by J. C. Criado

Message 1

It is not so hard!





What people think about computer tools...

What they really are

Message 2

Do no trust (too much) in codes!

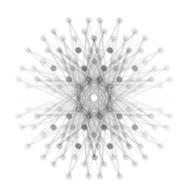


Plan

- Lecture 1 : EFT basis derivation
- Lecture 2 : Matching to specific UV models
- Lecture 3 : RGE running and SMEFT-LEFT matching
- **Lecture 4**: Observable calculation



Plan



Sym2Int

https://renatofonseca.net/sym2int



DsixTools

https://dsixtools.github.io/



MatchMakerEFT

https://ftae.ugr.es/matchmakereft/



flavio

https://flav-io.github.io/

Let's get started!



Rules:

- You can interrupt and ask <u>questions</u> at any moment
- Suggestion: you can emulate what I do with your own laptop
- I will assume that you already have all the <u>prerequisites</u> installed