

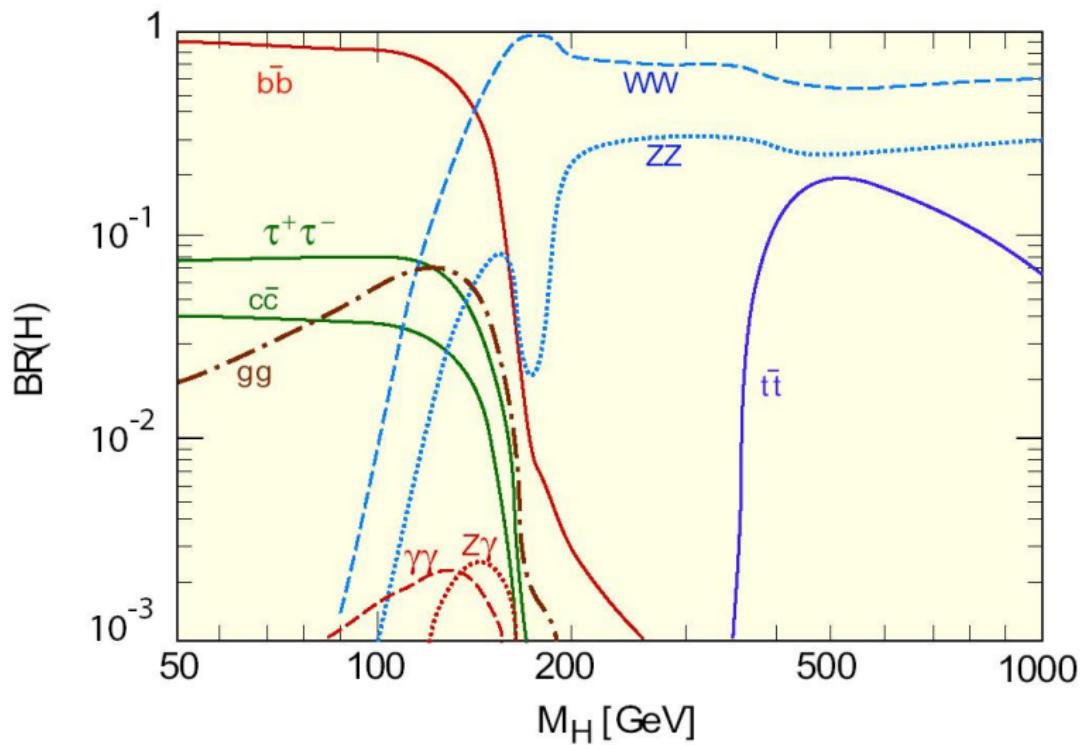
# Rare Hadronic Decays of Higgs

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03rd February 2017

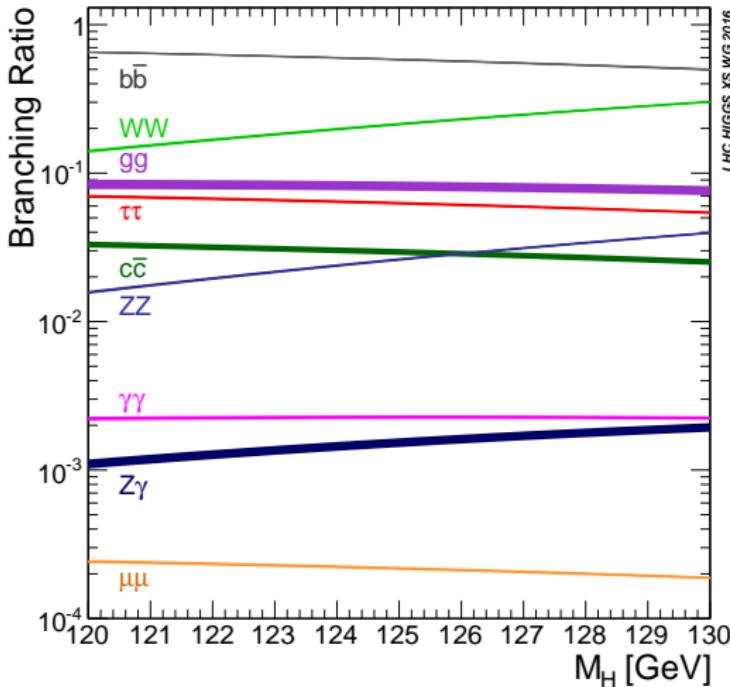
# Branching Fractions of Higgs in SM

Before 125 GeV Scalar Discovery



# Branching Fractions of Higgs in SM

After 125 GeV Scalar Discovery with identification 125 GeV Scalar = SM Higgs



# Branching Fractions in SM

$$\frac{\text{BR}_{h \rightarrow \phi\gamma}}{\text{BR}_{h \rightarrow b\bar{b}}} = \frac{\kappa_\gamma [(3.0 \pm 0.13)\kappa_\gamma - 0.78\bar{r}_s] \cdot 10^{-6}}{0.57\bar{r}_b^2},$$

$$\frac{\text{BR}_{h \rightarrow \rho\gamma}}{\text{BR}_{h \rightarrow b\bar{b}}} = \frac{\kappa_\gamma [(1.9 \pm 0.15)\kappa_\gamma - 0.24\bar{r}_u - 0.12\bar{r}_d] \cdot 10^{-5}}{0.57\bar{r}_b^2},$$

$$\frac{\text{BR}_{h \rightarrow \omega\gamma}}{\text{BR}_{h \rightarrow b\bar{b}}} = \frac{\kappa_\gamma [(1.6 \pm 0.17)\kappa_\gamma - 0.59\bar{r}_u - 0.29\bar{r}_d] \cdot 10^{-6}}{0.57\bar{r}_b^2},$$

| State          | $m_{V_i}$ [GeV] | $f_{V_i}$ [MeV] | $\mathcal{B}(h \rightarrow ZV_i)$ | $\Delta[d\Gamma(h \rightarrow Z\ell\ell)/dm_{34}]$ [1 GeV bin] |
|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|
| $J/\psi(1S)$   | 3.10            | 405             | $1.7 \times 10^{-6}$              | 2.6%                                                           |
| $J/\psi(2S)$   | 3.69            | 290             | $8.6 \times 10^{-7}$              | 0.2%                                                           |
| $\Upsilon(1S)$ | 9.46            | 680             | $1.6 \times 10^{-5}$              | 3.1%                                                           |
| $\Upsilon(2S)$ | 10.02           | 485             | $8.2 \times 10^{-6}$              | 1.2%                                                           |
| $\Upsilon(3S)$ | 10.36           | 420             | $6.2 \times 10^{-6}$              | 0.9%                                                           |

Table 1: List of narrow  $c\bar{c}$  and  $b\bar{b}$  narrow resonances giving rise to sizable modifications of the  $d\Gamma(h \rightarrow Z\ell\ell)/dq^2$  spectrum. In the last column we report the relative modification of the spectrum assuming the following  $m_{34}$  bin:  $[m_{V_i} - \Delta/2, m_{V_i} + \Delta/2]$ , with  $\Delta = 1$  GeV.

$$\text{BR}_{\text{SM}}(H \rightarrow J/\psi \gamma) = (2.46^{+0.26}_{-0.25}) \times 10^{-6},$$

$$\text{BR}_{\text{SM}}(H \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S) \gamma) = (1.41^{+2.03}_{-1.14}) \times 10^{-8}.$$

# Atlas Search for $J/\psi\gamma$ and $\Upsilon\gamma$ Decays

## Search for Higgs and $Z$ Boson Decays to $J/\psi\gamma$ and $\Upsilon(nS)\gamma$ with the ATLAS Detector

The ATLAS Collaboration

### Abstract

A search for the decays of the Higgs and  $Z$  bosons to  $J/\psi\gamma$  and  $\Upsilon(nS)\gamma$  ( $n = 1, 2, 3$ ) is performed with  $pp$  collision data samples corresponding to integrated luminosities of up to  $20.3 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  collected at  $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$  with the ATLAS detector at the CERN Large Hadron Collider. No significant excess of events is observed above expected backgrounds and 95% CL upper limits are placed on the branching fractions. In the  $J/\psi\gamma$  final state the limits are  $1.5 \times 10^{-3}$  and  $2.6 \times 10^{-6}$  for the Higgs and  $Z$  boson decays, respectively, while in the  $\Upsilon(1S, 2S, 3S)\gamma$  final states the limits are  $(1.3, 1.9, 1.3) \times 10^{-3}$  and  $(3.4, 6.5, 5.4) \times 10^{-6}$ , respectively.

Figure: Phys.Rev.Lett. 114 (2015) no.12, 121801, arXiv:1501.03276 [hep-ex]

Gracias