

Lepton Masses in Holographic Composite Higgs Models

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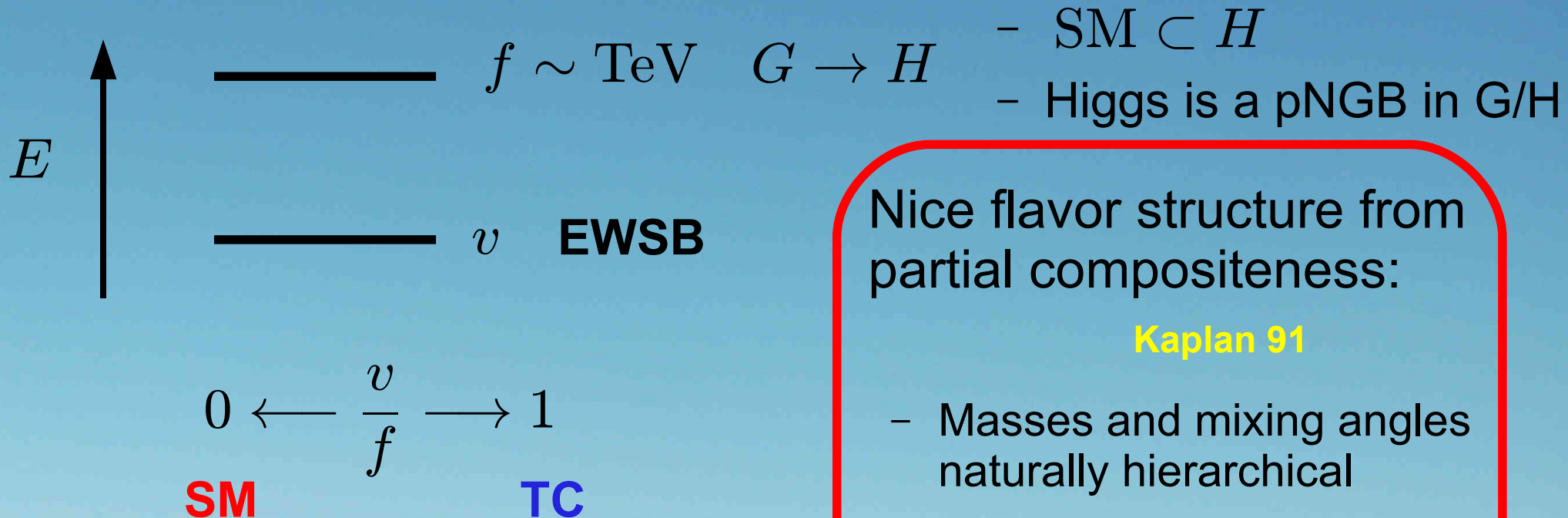
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F. del Aguila, A. Carmona, J.S., JHEP 1008 ('10) and PLB 695 ('11)

Composite Higgs Models

- Two scale symmetry breaking: **Georgi, Kaplan, et al. 84-85**



- $SM \subset H$
- Higgs is a pNGB in G/H

Nice flavor structure from partial compositeness:

Kaplan 91

- Masses and mixing angles naturally hierarchical
- Flavor violation scales with SM masses and mixing angles

5D realization of CHM

- Models of gauge-Higgs unification in warped ED realize the composite Higgs idea

$$ds^2 = \left(\frac{R}{z}\right)^2 (\eta_{\mu\nu} dx^\mu dx^\nu - dz^2), \quad R \leq z \leq R'$$

- Gauge symmetry broken on both branes contains a massless zero mode for $A_5 \leftrightarrow$ Composite Higgs
- Minimal realistic models (quark sector) have been constructed based on $SO(5)/SO(4)$ symmetry breaking pattern

Agashe, Contino, Pomarol '05

What about leptons?

- Most models focus on the quark sector
 - Top is expected to be also composite
 - Masses and mixing angles naturally hierarchical
- Why is the lepton spectrum so different?
 - Leptons charged under global symmetry
 - Parallel the quark sector
 - Masses via see-saw mechanism
 - Charged sector like quarks
 - Flavor protection: symmetries (flavor, conformal) + structure in model space

Leptons in the MCHM₅

- Lepton sector in MCHM₅: based on 5's of SO(5)
- Impose a global A₄ symmetry

Neutrino sector

$$\zeta_1 = \begin{pmatrix} \tilde{X}_1 & \nu_1 \\ \tilde{\nu}_1 & e_1 \end{pmatrix} \oplus \nu'_1 \quad (3)$$

$$\zeta_2 = \begin{pmatrix} \tilde{X}_2 & \nu_2 \\ \tilde{\nu}_2 & e_2 \end{pmatrix} \oplus \nu'_2 \quad (3)$$

Charged lepton sector

$$\zeta_3 = \begin{pmatrix} \nu_3 & \tilde{e}_3 \\ e_3 & \tilde{Y}_3 \end{pmatrix} \oplus e'_3 \quad (3)$$

$$\zeta_\alpha = \begin{pmatrix} \nu_\alpha & \tilde{e}_\alpha \\ e_\alpha & \tilde{Y}_3 \end{pmatrix} \oplus e'_\alpha \quad (1, 1', 1'')$$

Leptons in the MCHM₅

- Global A_4 broken by brane scalars to Z_2 and Z_3 (extra Z_8 to forbid some operators)

$$UV : \langle \phi \rangle = (\tilde{v}, 0, 0) \quad IR : \langle \phi' \rangle = (v', v', v')$$

- Write the most general terms allowed by the symmetries

$$\begin{aligned} -\mathcal{L}_{UV} &= \frac{x_\eta}{2\Lambda} \eta \bar{\psi}_{\nu'_2} \bar{\psi}_{\nu'_2} + \frac{x_\nu}{2\Lambda} \phi \bar{\psi}_{\nu'_2} \bar{\psi}_{\nu'_2} + x_l \chi_{l_1} \psi_{l_3} + \text{h.c.} + \dots \\ -\mathcal{L}_{IR} &= \left(\frac{R}{R'} \right)^4 \left[\frac{y_b^\alpha}{\Lambda'} \{ (\phi'^\dagger \chi_{l_3})^\alpha \psi_{l_\alpha} + (\phi'^\dagger \chi_{\tilde{l}_3})^\alpha \psi_{\tilde{l}_\alpha} \} + \frac{y_s^\alpha}{\Lambda'} (\phi'^\dagger \chi_{e'_3})^\alpha \psi_{e'_\alpha} \right. \\ &\quad \left. + \frac{y_b}{\Lambda'} \{ \eta'^* \chi_{l_1} \psi_{l_2} + \eta'^* \chi_{\tilde{l}_1} \psi_{\tilde{l}_2} \} + \frac{y_s}{\Lambda'} \eta'^* \chi_{\nu'_1} \psi_{\nu'_2} \right] + \text{h.c.} + \dots \end{aligned}$$

Leptons in the MCHM₅

- After A₄ breaking

$$\begin{aligned} -\mathcal{L}_{UV} &\rightarrow \frac{1}{2}\psi_{\nu'_2}\hat{\theta}_M^\dagger\psi_{\nu'_2} + x_l\chi_{l_1}\psi_{l_3} + \text{h.c.} + \dots \\ -\mathcal{L}_{IR} &= \left(\frac{R}{R'}\right)^4 \left[\sqrt{3}\frac{v'}{\Lambda'} (\chi_{l_3}^\alpha y_b^\alpha \psi_{l_\alpha} + \chi_{\tilde{l}_3}^\alpha y_b^\alpha \psi_{\tilde{l}_\alpha} + \chi_{e'_3}^\alpha y_s^\alpha \psi_{e'_\alpha}) \right. \\ &\quad \left. + y_b \frac{v'_\eta}{\Lambda'} (\chi_{l_1} \psi_{l_2} + \chi_{\tilde{l}_1} \psi_{\tilde{l}_2}) + y_s \frac{v'_\eta}{\Lambda'} \chi_{\nu'_1} \psi_{\nu'_2} \right] + \text{h.c.} + \dots \end{aligned}$$

$$\hat{\theta} = U_{\text{HPS}} \begin{pmatrix} \epsilon_t + \epsilon_s & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \epsilon_s & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \epsilon_t - \epsilon_s \end{pmatrix} U_{\text{HPS}}^\dagger$$

Leptons in the MCHM₅

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- Yukawas suppressed by $v'/\Lambda' \sim 0.1 - 0.01$
- Charged lepton Yukawas: diagonal and hierarchical
- Neutrino Yukawas: proportional to the identity
- The only source of mixing is the (UV localized) neutrino Majorana mass (diagonalized by U_{HPS})

Leptonic spectrum in the MCHM₅

- Neutrino masses generated through see-saw

$$M_{\text{eff}}^\nu = -M_D^\nu (M_M^\nu)^{-1} (M_D^\nu)^T$$
$$\propto (M_M^\nu)^{-1} = U_{\text{HPS}} M_{\text{diag}} U_{\text{HPS}}^\dagger$$

TBM mixing

- Charged lepton masses naturally hierarchical (suppressed with respect to v) and diagonal in current eigenstate basis: No tree level LFV
- Small corrections if fermion KK modes and non-linear Higgs effects taken into account

Higher order corrections

- Can higher dimension operators destabilize this pattern?

- New corrections have suppression $\sim \frac{\tilde{\nu}^2}{\Lambda^2}$
- Corrections to TBM mixing and LFV
- Easy to classify to all orders

$$\langle \phi \rangle^3 \sim \langle \phi \rangle \quad \langle \phi' \rangle^2 \sim 1 + \langle \phi' \rangle$$

- New structure for the Majorana mass
- Diagonal but non-universal neutrino Yukawas
- Non-diagonal charged lepton Yukawas

New in GHU!

Constraints on the model

- Fix the IR scale to 1.5 TeV ($m_{KK} \sim 3.5$ TeV)

- Check constraints:

- Lepton masses

Requires IR localized ν_R, τ_R

- EWPT:

$$\delta g/g \lesssim 0.2\%$$



- Lepton mixing:

$$U_{PMNS}$$



- Tree level LFV:

$$\mu \rightarrow 3e, \quad \mu \leftrightarrow e, \dots$$

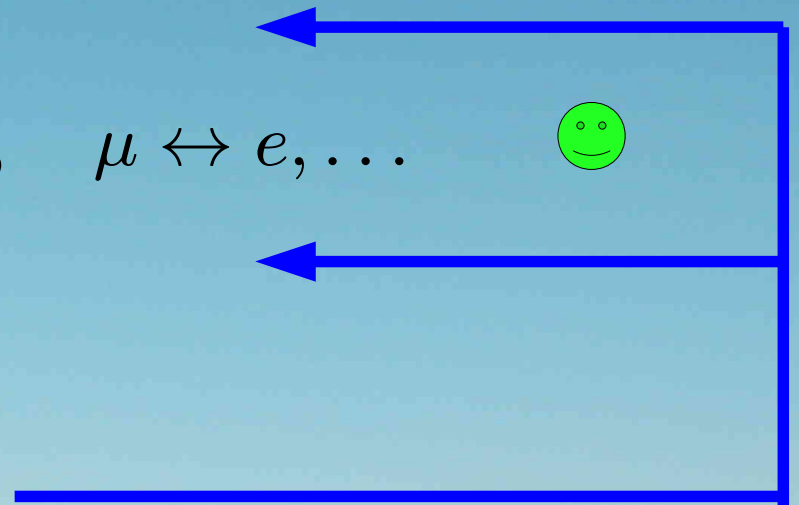


- One loop LFV:

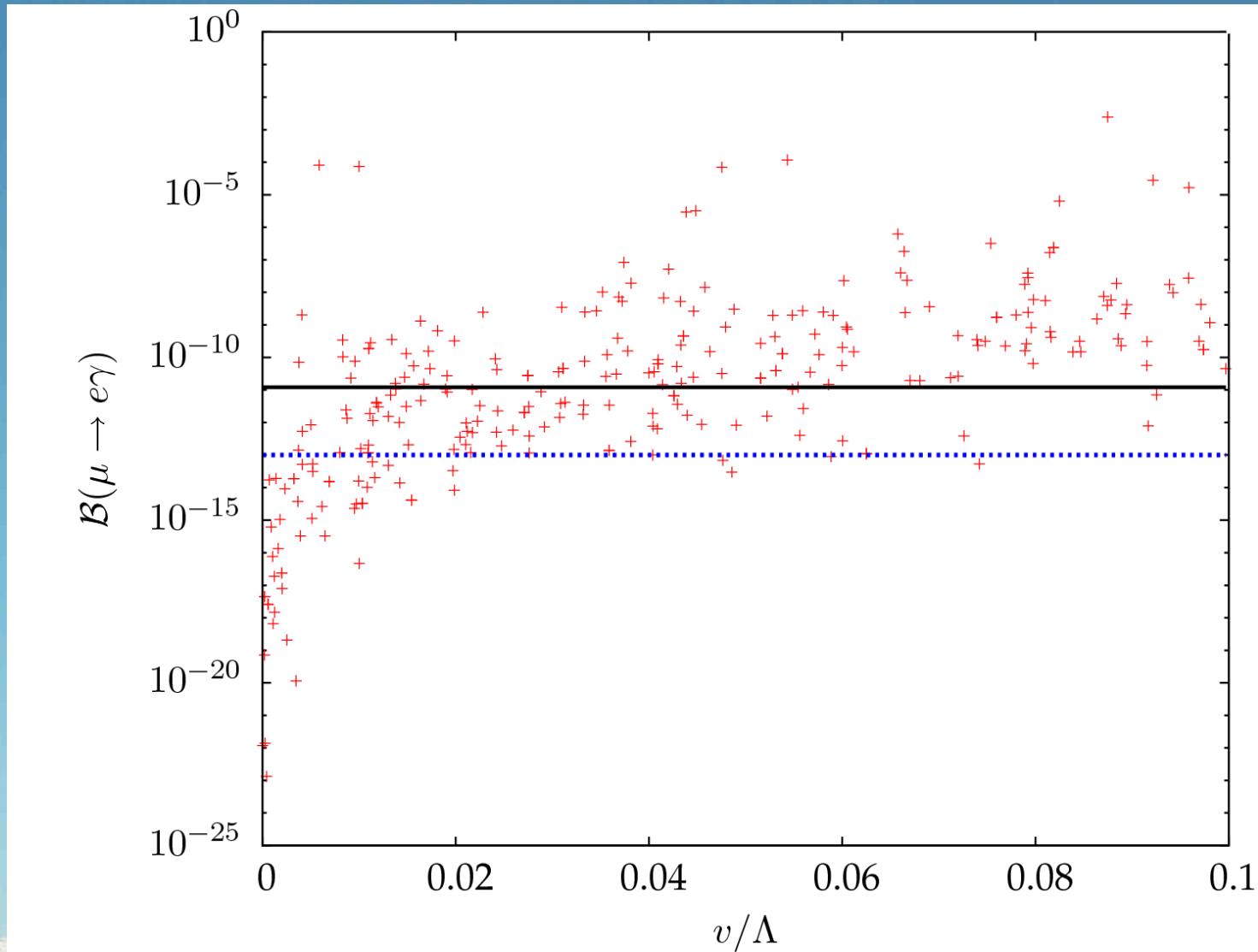
$$\mu \rightarrow e\gamma$$



Sizable but OK for
 $v/\Lambda \lesssim 0.1, c_3 \gtrsim 0.55$



Constraints on the model



Constraints on the model

Corrections to tri-bimaximal mixing and flavor universality generated from higher dimensional

operators $\propto \frac{v}{\Lambda}$  **A4 breaking**
Cut-off scale

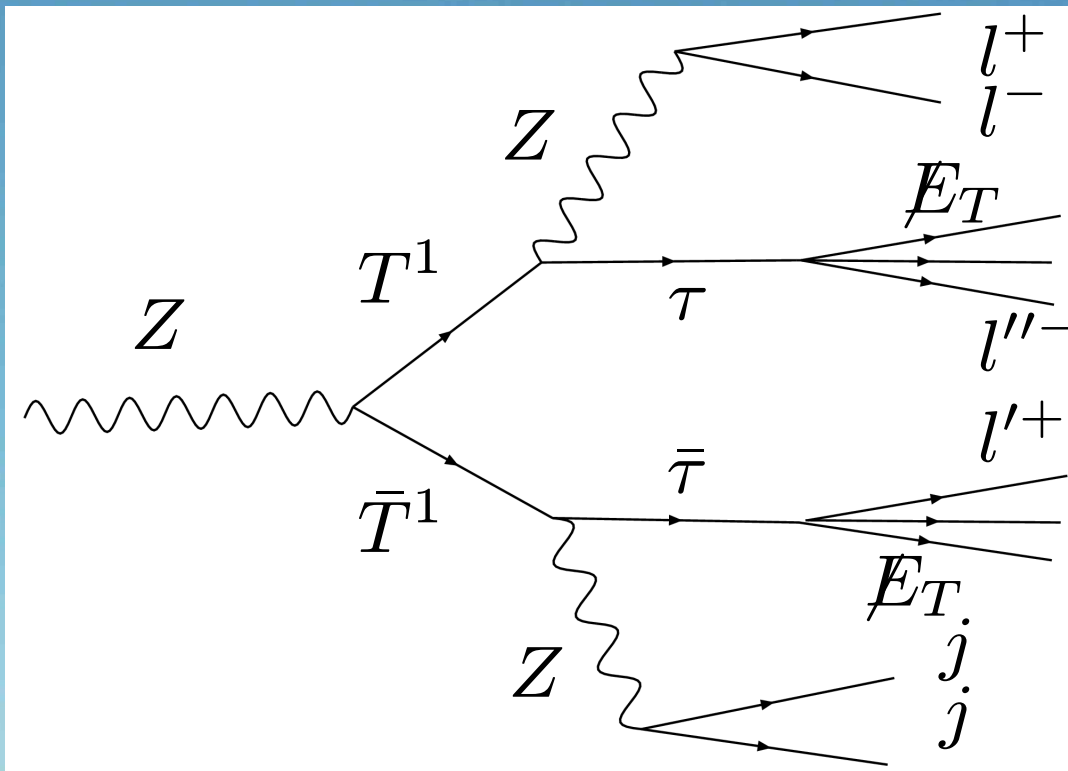
$\mu \rightarrow e\gamma \propto \frac{v^3}{\Lambda^3}$ requires $\frac{v}{\Lambda} \lesssim 0.01 - 0.1$

$m_\tau \propto \frac{v}{\Lambda}$ suppressed $\Rightarrow \tau$ **very composite**

Tau custodians: new light lepton resonances with strong coupling to the tau (LHC implications of high-scale see-saw!)

Tau custodians at the LHC

Signature $pp \rightarrow l^+ l^- l'^+ l''^- jj \cancel{E}_T$ $l, l', l'' = e, \mu$

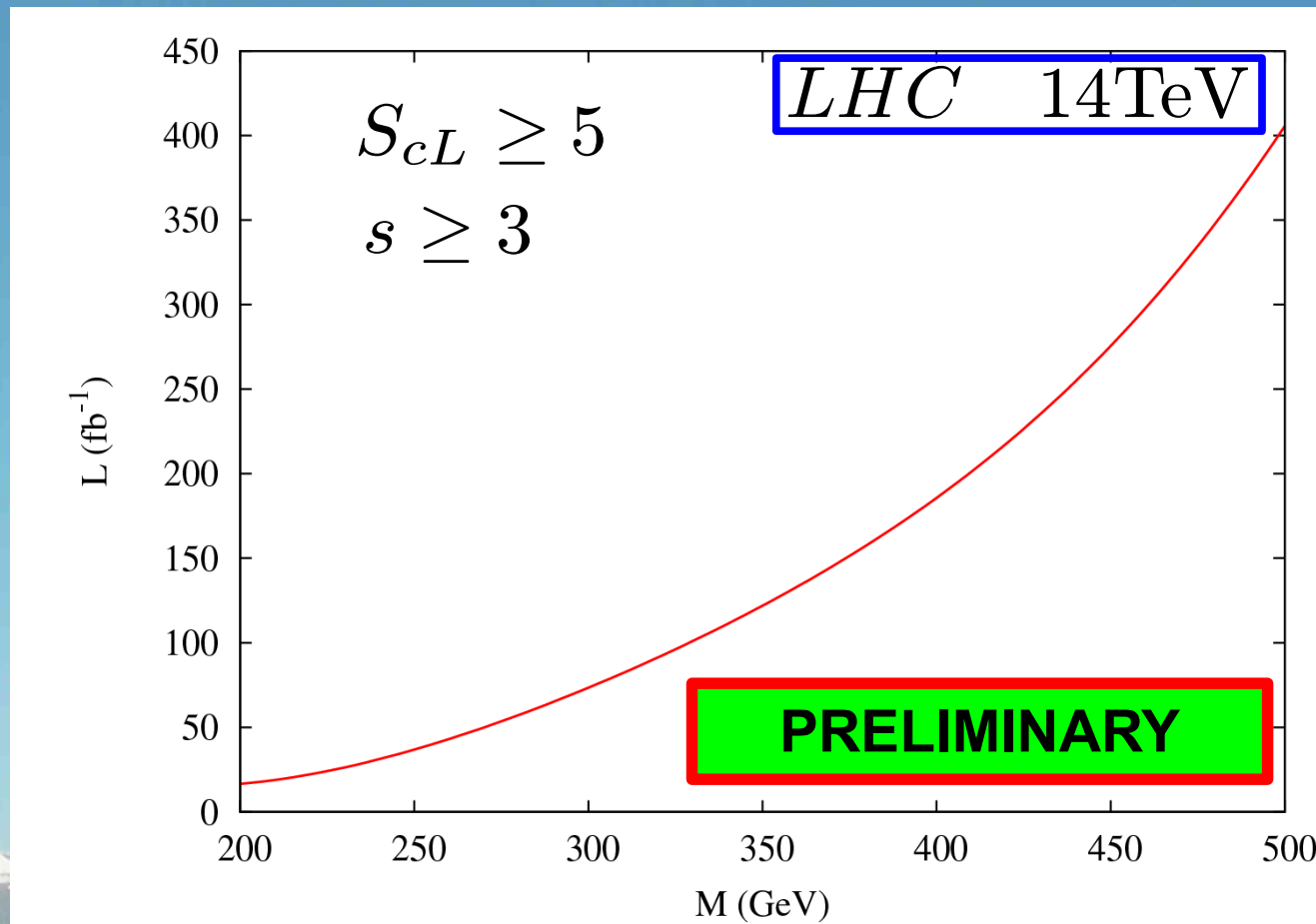


Very collimated

Very collimated

Tau custodians at the LHC

Discovery luminosity $S_{cL} \equiv \sqrt{2 \left[(s + b) \ln \left(1 - \frac{s}{b} \right) - s \right]}$



Conclusions

- Fully realistic composite Higgs model from 5D:
 - Correct EWSB and quark spectrum
 - Correct lepton spectrum with discrete symmetries
 - Hierarchical charged lepton masses
 - Correct neutrino masses and mixing from (high-scale) see-saw
 - Double layer of flavor protection
 - A_4 symmetry
 - Custodial + LR symmetry+ structure of MCHM5
 - New lepton resonances at the LHC!
 - LFV close to observable limits

Backup slides



Quantum numbers

	A_4	Z_8		A_4	Z_8
ζ_1	3	1	$\phi(\text{UV})$	3	4
ζ_2	3	2	$\eta(\text{UV})$	1	4
ζ_3	3	1	$\phi'(\text{IR})$	3	5
ζ_α	1, 1', 1''	4	$\eta'(\text{IR})$	1	7

Lower bounds on θ_{13}

- Large corrections to θ_{13} can be accommodated (how natural is that?)

$$\frac{v}{\Lambda} = 0.5 \quad \delta_2 = 8 \ll 4\pi^2 \text{ (NDA)}$$

$$\frac{\eta\phi^2}{\Lambda^3} \bar{\nu}'_{2R}{}^c \nu'_{2R} + \text{h.c.} \rightarrow \bar{\nu}'_{2R}{}^c \begin{pmatrix} \delta_1 + \delta_2 + \delta_3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \delta_1 + \omega\delta_2 + \omega^2\delta_3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \delta_1 + \omega^2\delta_2 + \omega\delta_3 \end{pmatrix} \nu'_{2R} + \text{h.c.},$$

$$\sin^2 2\theta_{13} = 0.125$$